day in November, A. D. 1914, the fol- time to time be provided by law, not

lowing amendment to section 12 of ar-ticle X of the Committation of the state of Missouri shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state, to-wit:

visions of this article, but said city shall be authorized at any time to issue bonds with the assent aforesaid, to an amount, including outstanding indek-edness, other than that above named, to the amount of five per centum of the value of the taxable property in said city, to be ascertained as above specified" the follow-lowing words: "Provided, further, that Kansas City may acquire by purchase, condemnation or construction, waterworks, gas works, electric light works, street railways, telegraph and telephone

street railways, telegraph and telephone systems, heating plants or any other plant or public service institution within

plant or public service institution within or outside of the limits of said city, for use of the citizens in said city, and for the purpose of paying therefor, in whole or in part, may issue public utilities bends, which public utilities bonds shall

not be included in the liabilities or in-

debtedness of the city limited by the prior provisions of this section; but the total amount of such public utilities bonds to be issued by Kansas City shall not

exceed twenty per centum of the value of the taxable property in said city to be ascertained as above specified; the principal of said public utilities bonds shall not constitute an obligation of the city enforcible out of the funds raised

mortgages on any such utility, or any addition thereto, or extension thereof, to secure the payment of such public utili-ties bonds, and in case of default in the

payment of such public utilities bonds, or interest thereon, said bond holders,

or their representatives, may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction sitting in Jackson county, Missouri, and said court may, if said default continue, ap-

point a receiver to take charge of such

property and such receiver shall operate

said property pending such proceeding in such court and until a final decree of foreclosure in such proceeding and for a period of one year thereafter, during

which period the city may, upon pay-ment to the bond holders of all indebted-

ness past due and court costs accrued to the date of payment, retake said prop-erty. If said property is not thus re-taken by the city within said period of

redemption, said receiver shall deliver

recemption, said receiver shall deliver said property to such party as the court in such action may order, and thereupon all liability of the city on said bonds shall cease and determine and its rights, as owner, of said utility or plant, shall cease and determine; and thereafter said utility or plant as a superfective or plant and the said utility or plant as a superfection.

cease and determine; and thereafter said utility or plant shall be operated by the party named in said order of the court, or his successors or assigns, in con-formity with and subject to the pro-visions of the ordinance authorizing the

equisition or purchase or construction of

said public utility or plant and the issu-ance of bonds therefor; but Kansas City shall not issue any such bonds without the assent of two-thirds of the voters

thereof voting on that proposition at an election to be held for that purpose; and

such proposition may be submitted at a special election or at a general election, in either of which events if two-thirds of all the legal votes cast on such prop-osition are in favor of the issue of said bonds, the city shall have authority to

issue the same; and Kansas City may also issue its bonds other than public utilities bonds, for the payment, in whole or in part, for such public utilities, and such bonds other than public utility bonds

shall constitute a direct obligation of the

inbefore provided. Such utility may be acquired by condemnation proceedings in

the same manner that Kansas City may acquire real estate for public purposes, or in such other manner as may be provided by law. But whenever any public utility is being operated by any person, from the corrections of the content o

firm or corporation under a grant or per-mit from Kansas City, and the owner and operator of such utility is complying with the provisions of the grant under which the same is being operated, and

with the laws and ordinances to which

such utility and its owner are subject, and with all reasonable orders of any public officer, committee, commission or other authority having the power to make

uch orders the city shall not have powe

mitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House

state in such manner as may be pro-

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND.

MENT.

Be it resolved by the House of Representives, the Senate concurring therein, as follows:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

vided by law.

of Representatives concurring therein:

by Kansas City of such utility.

GERMANS FORCING ALLIES' LINE BACK

GROUND LOST AND WON BY BOTH ARMIES FIGHTING IN BELGIUM.

ALTKIRCH, ALSACE, RETAKEN

Berlin Dispatches Tell of Success on Yser Canal, Near Lille, and of Attacks on Belford Forts.

Paris, Oct. 24 .- It is reported here that the French forces have taken Altkirch, in Upper Alsace, at the point of the bayonet.

Northern France, Oct. 24 .- It is reported here on credible authority that Lille is again in the hands of the allies after desperate fighting extending over many days.

Copenhagen, Oct. 24.-Dispatches received from Berlin say it is rumored that the German attack on Belford is succeeding and that the southern forts have surrendered.

Paris, Oct. 24.-The Germans struck at the allied line from the North Sea to the River Meuse with tremendous force and drove back the French and British in the region of La Bassee, although compelled themselves to give ground east of Armentieres. Gen. Joffre telegraphed from headquarters that the allied line, as a whole, stands fast.

Probably the situation is more critical than at any time since the first invasion, which began from Liege and Namur. It is reported that the German commanders are again adopting the policy of hacking through at whatever cost. The German losses in Belgium in the past week are estimated at 10,000 killed and wounded. All reports, including Gen. Joffre's, point to a further supreme effort to take the road to

At the extreme left of the line, where the French and British warships are supporting the indomitable Belgians, the Germans could not gain an inch, but southward, along the canal of La Bassee, their battering ram drove forward slightly. A little to the north of La Bassee, in the region just east of Armentieres, the allies succeeded in pushing back a German army, and were equally successful south of the Somme.

Germans Advance in North. Berlin, Oct. 24.-An official announcement from German army headquarters says:

"On the Yser Canal we gained suc

"To the west of Lille our attacks were successful; we took possession of several villages.

"On the rest of the western front it is generally quiet."

Amsterdam, Oct. 24 - A heavy battle is raging in Belgium, about 20 miles south of the Ghent-Bruges line and north of Roulers, according to the Telegraf's correspondent in Siuis, Holland.

CROWN PRINCE DEAD, RUMOR

Kaiser's Oldest Son Has Been Slain.

London, Oct. 24.-The Nation prints, without comment or explanation, the following extract from a

gerated ideas of what is going on in Berlin. Everything is normal, except on the day of the crown prince's funeral, when we all turned out to see

In the first six weeks of the way the German official reports referred frequently to the crown prince. His movements as commander of the German fifth army, operating just west of the Argonne and toward Verdun, were specially mentioned. When the German retreat from the Meuse began, the crown prince, it was stated, had headquarters at Vitry-Le-Francois. Subsequently, he withdrew to Mount Faucon. Later it was stated that he was leading an advance

For some cause, direct reference to the crown prince was thereafter avoided in the official communications given out in Berlin. For at least four weeks personal mention of him has not occurred in the German

Berlin.-It was officially admitted that 193 men, including practically all of the officers, were lost when the British cruiser Undaunted and a flotilla of four British destroyers sank four German destroyers off the Dutch

Gen. Hamilton Among the Slain. London,-A casualty list of the British expeditionary forces in France, dated Oct, 14, reports the death of Maj. Gen. Hubert I. W. Hamilton and ten other officers and the wounding of 25 officers.

Kaiser Visits Men. Berlin.-According to letters from the field, just received in Munich, Em-

peror William a few days ago entered the lines of Barvarian and Prussian letachments and visited the troops in

Paris.—The French and British col-umns, attacking the German right wing near Lille, advanced five miles, criving the Germans from Frommelle and Fleurbaix and seizing the approaches to Armentieres.

"Tobacco Day" in Petrograd. Petrograd.--"Tobacco Day" in Pet rad. Large numbers of motor cars lrove about the city and the populac threw into them tobacco in all forms, from large packages to single packPROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MISSOURI,

AND REFERENDUM PROPOSITIONS ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-Joint and concurrent resolution sub

qualified voters of the state, to-wit:

Section 1. Municipal indebtedness—limit of—how increased—exceptions as to St. Louis and Kanaus City.—Section 12 of article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri shall be amended by inserting after the following words: "Provided, further, that in the city of Kanaus City, the amount of bonds issued by said city, bearing date July [1], 7, 1825, for acquiring waterworks and all bonds hereafter issued in renewal of said bonds, or any portion thereof, shall not be included in the computation of the existing bonded indebtedness of said city in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued by said city, with the assent of two-thirds of the voters under the provisions of this article, but said city shall be authorized at any time to issue bonds mitting to the qualified voters of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning the initiative and referendum: repealing section 57 of article 4 of the Constitution and enacting a new section in lieu thereof.

Be at resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein. That at the general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in Nevember, 1914, there shall be submitted for adoption to the qualified voters of the state the fol-lowing amendment to the Constitution. Section 1. That section 57 of article

Section 1. That section 57 of article 4 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. That in lies of the said section 57 of article 4 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri hereby repealed there shall be enacted the following new section to be known as section 57 of article 4, viz:

Sec. 57. The legislative authority of the state shall be vested in a legislative assembly consisting of a senate and house of representatives, but the people reserve to themselves power to propose laws and amendments to the Constitution and to enact or reject the same at the polls, independent of the legislative assembly, and also reserve power at their own option to approve or reject at their own option to approve or reject at the polls any act of the legislative as-sembly. The first power reserved by the people is the initiative, and not more than eight per cent of the legal voters in each of at least two-thirds of the con-gressional districts in the state shall be sean or at least two-thirds of the congressional districts in the state shall be
required to propose any measure by such
petition, and every such petition shall
include the full text of the measure so
proposed. Initiative petitions shall be
filed with the respective county clerks of
the respective counties in which the
signers thereof reside and vote not less
than four months before the election at
which they are to be voted upon. Within 30 days after said petitions are filed
with the respective county clerks of the
respective counties said initiative petitions shall be, by said respective county
clerks laid before the county courts
of the respective counties, and said
petitions shall be examined by the
respective county courts of the respective
counties, and if the signatures thereto
are found to be genuine signatures of
voters of such counties, they shall, at least
three months before the election at which
they are to be voted upon, be certified three months before the election at which they are to be voted upon, be certified by the respective county courts of the respective counties to the secretary of state. The second power is the referen-dum and it may be ordered (except as to matters of taxation hereinafter matters of taxation hereinafter men-tioned, and as to laws necessary for the immediate preservation of the public secs, health or safety, and laws making appropriations for the current expenses of the state government for the mainte-mance of the state institutions and for the support of the public schools) either by petitions signed by five per cent of the legal voters in each of at least two-thirds of the congressional districts in the state, or by the legislative assembly as other bills are enacted. Referendum petitions bills are enacted. Referendum petitions shall be flied with the county clerks of the respective counties in which the signers thereof reside and vote not more than 90 days after the final adjournment of the session of the legislative assembly which passed the bill on which the referendum is demanded, and within 30 days thereafter the clerks of the county courts of the respective counties shall ay said petitions before the county courts of the respective counties—and within said time the county courts of the respective counties shall examine and review said referes said examine and review said ref-

the county courts of the respective coun-ties shall examine and review said ref-erendum petitions, and, if the signatures thereto are found to be the gamine sig-natures of voters of such counties, the respective county courts shall certify said petitions to the secretary of state within 120 days after the final adjournment of 120 days after the final adjournment of the seasion of the legislative assembly which passed the bill on which referendum is demanded. The veto power of the governor shall not extend to measures referred to the people. All elections on measures referred to the people of the state shall be had at the biennial regular general elections except when the legislative assembly shall order a special election. Any measure referred to the people shall take effect and become the law when it is approved by a majority of the

when it is approved by a majority of the

votes cast thereon, and not otherwise.
The style of all bills shall be: "Be it
enacted by the people of the state of
Missouri." This section shall not be Letter From Berlin Implies That construed to deprive any member of the esistative assembly of the right to in-troduce any measure. The whole num-ber of votes cast for justice of the su-preme court at the regular election last preceding the filing of any petition for the initiative, or for the referendum, shall be the basis on which the number annu be the pasis on which the number of legal voters necessary to sign said petitions shall be counted. Petitions and orders for the initiative and for the referendum shall be certified to and filed with the secretary of state as aforesaid, and in submitting the same to the people letter written by a woman in Berlin: "The people of England have exag-

and in submitting the same to the people the secretary of state and all other of-ficer[s] shall be guided by the general laws and the act submitting this amend-ment until legislation shall be especially provided therefor. Whenever the word "county" is used herein it shall be con-"county" is used herein it shall be con-strued to include or mean the city of St. Louis, and whenever the words "coun-ty court" are used herein they shall be construed to include or mean the board of election commissioners of said city, and whenever the words "county cierk" or "cierk of the county court" are used herein they shall be construed to in-clude or mean the secretary of said board of election commissioners. The powers reserved or contained in this section as aforesaid shall not be used to mass a

against the fortress of Verdun. government's brief reports.

of election commissioners. The powers reserved or contained in this section as aforesaid shall not be used to pass a law or constitutional amendment authorising any classification of property for the purpose of levying different rates of taxation thereon, or of authorising the levy of any single tax on land or land values or land sites at a higher rate or by a different rule than is, or may be, applied to improvements thereon, or to personal property, or to authorize or center local option or other local powers in matters of taxation in or upon any of the countles, municipalities, or political subdivisions of the state, or to repeal, amend or modify these provisions relating to taxation. When any measure shall have been submitted to the people for their approval under the powers reserved or contained in this section as aforesaid and shall be rejected by the people, neither the same measure nor any other measure which shall have, or tend to have, the same meaning, nor any other measure rejected, shall again be submitted under the said owers reserved or contained in this section for a term of five years.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDS.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND Joint and concarrent resolution sub-mitting to the qualified voters of Mis-souri an amendment to acciton 12 of ar-ticle X of the Constitution thereof, authorizing the increase of indebtedness in Kansas City for the purpose of ac-quiring or purchasing public utilities.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein, as follows:

At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Mon-

time to time be provided by law, not to exceed five dellars per day for the first seventy days of each seasion and after that not to exceed one dellar per day for the remainder of the seasion, except the first seasion held under this Constitution and during revising seasions when they may receive five dellars per day for one hundred and twenty days and one dellar a day for the remainder of such seasion. In addition to per diem' and by inserting and adopting in place of said words so stricken out the following words: "The members of the general assembly shall severally receive an amassembly shall severally receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars. In addition to said salary," so that said spection 16, of article 4, of said Constitution when so amended shall be and read as follows: Section 16. The members of the gen

section is. The members of the general assembly shall severally receive for their services an annual salary of one thousand dollars and in addition to said salary, the members shall be entitled to receive traveling expenses or mileage for any regular and extra session not greater than now provided by law; but no member shall be entitled to traveling expenses or mileage. expenses or mileage for any extra session that may be called within one day after the adjournment of a regular session Committees of either house, or joint committees of both houses, appointed to ex-amine the institutions of the state other than those at the seat of government, may receive their actual expenses, neces-surily incurred while in the performance of such duty; the Items of such expenses of such duty; the items of such expenses to be returned to the chairman of such committee, and by him certified to the state auditor, before the same, or any part thereof, can be paid. Each member may receive at each regular session an additional sum of thirty dollars, which shall be in full for all stationery used in his official capacity and all postage, and all other incidental expenses and perquisites; and no allowance or emoluments, for any purpose whatever, shall be made to or received by the members, or any member of either house, or for or any member of either house, or for their use, out of the contingent fund or otherwise, except as herein expressly proinserting in lieu thereof the following words: "Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor made by the lawmaking authorities of such city, published for at least three weeks for any purpose whatever, shall ever be paid to any officer, agent, servant or employee of either house of the general assembly, or of any committee thereof, except such per diem as may be pro-vided for by law, not to exceed five in two newspapers printed therein, which have a bong fide sale or circulation in said city of at least two thousand copies of each issue in which said notice is published, one of which shall be a daily newspaper printed in the German landollars.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

guage, and which has been published con-

guage, and which has been published con-tinuously for fifty-two weeks next be-fore such publication, such publication to be made at least once each week and on the same day of the week in each of said three weeks, and the last publication

to be within two weeks of the date of

such election. Such amendment must be accepted by three-fifths of the quali-fied voters of such city voting on such proposition at a general or special elec-tion, and not otherwise; and if three-

fifths of all the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amend-ment to the charter, such amendment shall be adopted; such charter and all amendments thereof shall always be in

harmony with and subject to the Consti-tution and laws of the state. So that said section, when amended, shall read as follows and to be known as section 16: Section 16. Large cities may frame their

own charters, how adopted and amended

may frame a charter for its own gover-ment, consistent with and subject to t Constitution and laws of this state.

causing a board of thirteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified voters thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of such city at any general or special election; which board shall, within ninety days

after such election, return to the chief magistrate of such city a draft of such charter, signed by the members of such board or a majority of them. Within thirty days thereafter, such proposed char-

ter shall be submitted to the qualified

ter snail be submitted to the qualified voters of such city, at a general or special election, and if four-sevenths of such qualified voters voting thereat shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, become a charter of such city, and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof. A duplicate actification of the same continuous control of the same c

charter and amendments thereof. A du-plicate certificate shall be made, setting forth the charter proposed and its rati-fication, which shall be sighed by the chief magistrate of such city and au-

county in which such city lies, shall be

Any city having a population of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants

city enforcible out of the funds raised by taxation, but the principal of each issue of such bonds shall be payable out of the earnings or sale of the utility or plant for the acquisition or purchase of which such issue was made. The interest on such bonds and a sinking fund for the payment of the principal at ma-turity shall be paid out of the earnings or sale of the utility, or out of funds raised by taxation, or both, as shall be provided in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds. Such city shall have power to execute its mortgage or mortgages on any such utility, or any Joint and concurrent resolution pro viding for the amendment of article X of the Constitution of Missouri by add-ing a new section to be known as section 12b of said article, relating to the limit of indebtedness of certain cities.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein, as follows:

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Mon-day in November, A. D. 1914, the fol-lowing amendment to the Constitution of the state of Missouri, relating to the limit of indevtedness of certain cities of the state of Missouri, shall be submitted the state of aussours, shall be submitted for adoption or rejection to the qualified voters of the state of Missours, to-wit: That article X of the Constitution of the state of Missours be and the same is hereby amended by [adding] a new section, to be known as section 12b of ar-ticle X, and to read as follows:

Section 12b. Any city in this state containing one hundred thousand inhab-itants or over may become indebted in a larger amount than specified in section 12 of article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri, not exceeding an additional five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be as-certained by the assessment next be-fore the last assessment for state and county purposes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, for the purpose of constructing or acquiring by purchase, or otherwise, within its corporate limits a subway or crubways, with land, ap-proaches and other appurtenances necessary for the construction and operation thereof, to be owned exclusively by such city for the transportation of persons, baggage, express and freight, and for pipes, wires and cables used for public service purposes: Provided, that no indebtedness authorized by this section debtedness authorized by this section shall be incurred without the assent of two-thirds of the qualified voters of such city voting for or against such increase of indebtedness: and, provided further, that such city shall, before or at the time of incurring any indebtedness authorized by this section, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due: also to constitute a sinking city, but the total amount of such bonds other than public utility bonds shall not exceed in the aggregate five per centum t falls due; also to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof within thirty years from the time of contracting the same, if payment of such interest and principal be not provided for from the operation or lease of such subways or subways.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND-

mitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, authorizing the qualified voters of road districts to in-crease the rate of taxation by levying a special tax for road purposes.

Be it resolved by the House of Repre-sentatives, the Senate concurring there-in, as follows:

such orders the city shall not have power to acquire such utility except as provided in such grant, or by agreement with the owner thereof. But the judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction that such owner or operator of such utility is not complying with such obligations, duties or orders shall authorize the acquisition by Kansas City of such utility That at the general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, there shall be submitted to the qualified THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDvoters of the state for adoption the fol-lowing amendment to the Constitution

Section 1. That article 10 of the Constitution of Missouri be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section to be known as section 23, article 10 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri, which said section shall read as follows.

on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1914, the following poses under and by virtue of section 13 authorized to be levied for county puramendment to the Constitution of Missouri, concerning taxation, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, to-wit:

Section 23. In addition to the taxes authorized to be levied for county purament to the Constitution of this state, and in addition to the special levy state, to-wit: souri, concerning taxation, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, to-wit:

Section 1. That article X of the Constitution of Missouri be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section twenty-seven (27), which is in words and figures as follows:

Section 27. A state tax of ten cents on the one hundred dollars' assessed valuation shall be levied and collected on all figures as follows:

Section 27. A state tax of ten cents on the one hundred dollars' assessed valuation shall be levied and collected on all objects and subjects of taxation in the same manner that the state and county taxes are collected. All moneys derived from said levy shall be set apart as a special fund to be appropriated and used for the construction and maintenance of public roads in the several counties of the state in such manner as a may be pro-

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMEND.

Joint and concurrent resolution sub-mitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri as amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning the granting and payment of pensions or allowances to the deserving blind.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring as follows:

Section 1. That section 16, of article 4, of the state Constitution be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the following words: The members of general assembly shall severally receive from the public treasury such compensation for their services as may from payment of pensions or allowances to That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Mon-day in November, A. D. 1914 the fol-lowing amendment to the Constitution of Manual concentrations.

> ind must have been an A rare find has been made by Don weapon. Experts have traced the be-ald Macdohald, farm servant, at Bat ginning of the bronze age in northern

describing blind, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, lo-wil:

Section 1. That section if of article 4 of the Constitution of Missouri be amended by adding thereto the following words: "And provided, farither, that nothing in this or the preceding section shall be construed as probibiliting the general assembly from making provision by law for the granting and payment of pendido, or from authorizing by law any countles, cities or incorporated towns for villages of this state to provide for the granting and payment of such pengions or allowances.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT:

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to section 16, article IX of the Constitution thereof, concerning large cities framing their own charters—how adopted and amended.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein:

That at the general election to be held

a crew consisting of at least one engineer, one fireman, one conductor, one flagman, and one brakeman, or to operate or permit to be operated in any such commerce, traffic, transportation or intercourse, any freight train composed of forty cars or more not equipped with a crew consisting of at least one engineer, That at the general election to be held on the Tussday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, the fol-lowing amendment to section 15 of article IX of the Constitution of the state of Missouri shall be submitted to the quali-Missouri shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the city, to-wit:

Section 1. That section 15 of article IX of the Constitution of the state of Missouri be amended by striking out the last sentence thereof, which now reads as follows: "Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor, made by the lawmaking authorities of such cities, published for at least thirty days in three newspapers of largest circulation in such city, one of which shall be a newspaper printed in the German language, and accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city, voting at a general or special election, and not otherwise; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the Constitution and laws of the state," and inserting in lieu thereof the following one fireman, one conductor, one fireman, one conductor, one fireman, one conductor, one fireman, and two brakemen; provided, that nothing in this act contained sull apply trelief or wrecking trains in any cass where a sufficient number of men to comply with this act are not available for service on such relief or wrecking trains, nor any train consisting of only a loco-motive when the crew of such train con-sists of at least one engineer, one fireman and one conductor, pro ided, further, that all local or way freight trains, doing local switching, loading or unloading local freight shall be equipped with a crew consisting of at least one conductor, one engineer, one fireman, one flagman, and

two brakemen. Sec. 3. This act shall not apply to branch or independent lines of less than forty-five (45) miles in length. than forty-five (4) miles in length.

Sec. 4. Any person, persons, partnership, or corporation, while operating within said state, either as owner, lessee, or receiver, any retirond or railway in whole or in part within said state, as stated in the coregoing section of this act, and viciating any of the provisions of this act, shall, as to each train, or locomotive used, run operated in violation of the provisions of this act be liable to the state of Missouri in a penalty of not less than one hundred, nor more than five hundred dollars for each offense, and such penalty shall be recovered, and suit one nunared, nor more than five hum-dred dollars for each offense, and such penalty shall be recovered, and suit therefor shall be brought in the name of the state of Missouri, by the attor-ney-general, or under his direction in any county in said state ! to or through which such railroad or railway way to any county in said state i to or through which such railroad or railway may run or be operated, or by the prosecuting attorney of any county in said state through, or into, or out of which such railroad or railway may run or be operated, or by the circuit attorney in the city of St. Louis; provided, the penalty prescribed in this section shall not apply during atrikes of men in train service on the lines involved.

Approved April 16, 1913.

TENTH PROPOSITION. REFERENDUM ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE:

House bill No. 19, enacted by Forty-seventh General Assembly. Amending the local option laws so as to make the counties the sole units to determine whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold, furnished or given away within their limits; taking away from municipalities of 2,500 population or more the right to vote separately from their respective counties; providing adtheir respective counties; providing ad-ditional qualifications for judges at local option elections and providing that dramshop licenses shall not be granted by the several county courts after filing of a petition for local op-

HOUSE BILL NO. 19.

An act to amend sections 7238, 7240, 7241, 7242, 7243 and 7244 of article III, of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909, entitled "Local option," and to repeal section 7239 of said article, with an emergency

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

thenticated by its corporate seal. One of such certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and the other, after being recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds for the Section 1. That section 7238, of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "who shall reside outside the corporate limits of any city or town having at the time of such petition, a population of 2.500 inhabitants or more" in the second, third and fourth lines of said section and by adding in the ninth line of said section between the word "sold" and the word "within" the words "furnished or given away;" and by striking out the words "lying outside of such county in which such city lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof. Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor made by the lawmaking authorities of made by the lawmaking authorities of such city, published for at least three weeks in two newspapers printed therein, which have a bone fide sale or circulation in said city of at least two thousand copies of each issue in which said notice is published, one of which shall be a daily newspaper printed in the German language, and which has been published continuously for fifty-two weeks next before such publication, such publication to be made at least once each week and on the same day of the week in each of said three weeks; and the last publication to be within two weeks of the date of such election. Such amendment must be accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city voting on such proposition at a general or a special election, and not otherwise; and if three-fifths of all the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment to the charter, such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment to the charter, such amendment and the legal votes cast on the proposition are in favor of such amendment to the charter, such amendment and the legal votes cast on the proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment and the legal v nished or given away;" and by striking out the words "lying outside of such corporate limits of such city or town" in the tenth and eleventh lines of said section; and by striking out the words "who is a resident of any incorporated town having a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, or" in the seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth lines of said section and by adding to said section the words. "provided, further, that one-half of the judges in each precinct shall be for the sale of intoxicating liquors, and one-half of said judges against the sale of intoxicating liquors," so as amended said section shall read as follows: ment to the charter, such amendment shall be adopted; such charter and all amendments thereof shall always be in harmony with and subject to the Consti-tution and laws of the state.

proposition are in favor of such amendment to the charter, such amendment to the charter, such amendment to the charter, such amendment to the charter and all all amendments thereof shall always be in harmony with and subject to the Constitution and laws of the state.

NINTH PROPOSITION.

REFFERENDUM ORDEREED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

Senate biti No. 117, enacted by the Ferry-seventh General Assembly. Providing the minimum number of employees in erews on passenger, mail, express and freight trains, respectively, operated in the state of Missouri, making it unlawful for rullroad and rullways companies to operate such character of trains without such respective minimum number of employees in said erews, and prescribing penalties for violations of said act.

SENATE BILL NO, 117.

An act to promote the safety of employees and trayelers upon rallroads and rallways in whole or in part within the state of Missouri, while operated within said state by any person, persons, partnership, or corporation, either as owner, issue, or receiver, in any commerce, traffic, transportation, or intercourse between two or more points or places, wholly within said state by compelling said person, persons, partnership, or corporation to properly man their trains, and locomotives, and providing for the State of Missouri, sollows:

Section 1, it shall be unlawful for any person, persons, partnership, or corporation, wille operating either as owner, lessee, or receiver any railroad or railway, in whole of in part within this state, to operate, or person, persons, partnership, or corporation, while operating either as owner, lessee, or receiver any railroad or railway, in whole of in part, within this state, to operate, or operate of the constitution and laws of this state, so that election sail the eccition say of this state, so that election and of the provisions of this article shall take place on any person, persons, partnership, or corporation, while operating either as owner, lessee, or receiver any railroad or railway, in whol

various authorities the bronze age existed in pre-Ceitic times. It is estimated that at least 20,000 ilgrims pass through the city of Da-

ascus each year. They are material the financial welfare of the unclent city, spending to the neighborhood of \$900,000 for goods of every kind. Sec. 1. That section 7340 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1995 be amended by striking out the words 'or municipal body' in line five of said section so that said section shall read:

Sec. 7240. Notice of such election shall be given by publication in some newspaper published in the county, and such notice shall be supplied in such news-

Sec. 7240. Notice of such election shall be given by published in the county, and such notice shall be published in such newspaper for four consecutive weeks, and the last insertien shall be within tendays next before such election, and such other notice may be given as the county court ordering such election may think proper, in order to give general publicity to the election.

Sec. 4. That section 7241 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or municipal body" in the sixth and seventh lines of said section, so that as amended said section shall read ab follows:

Sec. 7241. All persons voting at any election held under the provisions of this article, who are against the sale of intoxicating liquors," and all those who are in favor of the sale of such intoxicating liquors, and all those who are in favor of the sale of such intoxicating liquors, and all those who are in favor of the sale of such intoxicating liquors," provided, that if the county court ordering such election deem it expedient, they may order that both the above sentences may be written or printed on their ballots, "for the sale of intoxicating liquors;" provided, that if the county court ordering such election deem it expedient, they may order that both the above sentences may be written or printed on the tickets to be used and voted at said election, with the further instruction printed on said tickets or ballots, "evase the clause you do not want."

said tickets or ballots, "erase the clause said tickets or ballots, "erase the clause you do not want."

Sec. 5: That section 7242 of article HP of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or municipal body" in the sixth line of said section, and by atriking out the words "such election" in line fifteen of said section and inserting in lies thereof the words "the filling of the petition for

"auch election" in line fifteen of saids section and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the filing of the petition for such election," and by striking out the words, "of the municipal body or" in line nineteen of said section, and by striking out the words "the municipal body or" in line twenty-one of said section, so that as amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7242. If a majority of the votes cast at such election be "for the sale of intoxicating liquors" such intoxicating liquors may be sold under the provisions of existing laws regulating the sale thereof and the procuring of license for that purpose; and if a majority of the votes cast at such election be "against the sale of intoxicating liquors," the county court ordering such election shall publish the result of such election once a week for four consecutive weeks in the same newspaper in which the notice of election was published; and the provisions of this article shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of the sions of this article shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of the last insertion of the publication limit above referred to; and provided further, that no license to sell intoxicating liquipres of any description prohibited by this ar-ticle, shall be granted during the time of publication last above mentioned; and provided further, that this article shall not be so construed as to interfere with any license issued before the day of the filing of the petition for such election. filing of the petition for such election, but such license may run until the day of its expiration and shall not be renewed. The election in this article provided for, and the result thereof, may be constructed to the construction of the state of the construction of the result thereof, may be constructed to the result thereof, may be constructed. tor, and the result thereof, may be contested in the same manner as is now provided by law for the contest of the election of county officers in this state by any qualified voter of the county in which said local option election shall be held by an action to contest as herein provided, and which shall be brought against the county helding such elections.

county holding such election.

Sec. 6. That section 7243 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "lying out-

by striking out the words "lying outside the corporate limits of any city
or town having, at the date of such
order of election, a population of 3,500
inhabitants or more, or city as the casemay be" in lines four, five, six and
seven, so that when amended said section shall read as follows;
Sec. 7245. If a majority of the votes
cast at any election held under the provisions of this article shall be "against
the sale of intoxicating liquors," it shalls
not be lawful for any person within the
limits of such county to directly or indirectly sell, give away or barter in any
manner whatever any kind of intoxicating
liquors or beverage containing alcohol,
in any quantity whatever, under the penalties hereinsfter prescribed.

alties hereinafter prescribed.
Sec. 7. That section 7244 of article III
of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of
Missouri for the year 1909 be amended
by striking out the words "or city as

of chapter is of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or city as the case may be" in the fourth line of said section; and by adding to said accition the words "provided that in any county in which an election has been held outside of the corporate limits of any city or town in such county, having at the time of such election a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, under the provisions of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouris for the year 1909, the first election under the provisions of this article, as amended, may be held at any time after four years from the date of the election held in such county outside of the corporate limits of any city or town having, at the time of such election, a population of twenty-five hundred inhabitants or more," so that when amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7244. Whenever an election in this article provided for has been held and decided, either for or against the sale of intoxicating liquors, then the question shall not be again submitted within four years next thereafter in the same county and then only on a new petition and in every respect conforming to the provisions of this article; provided that in any county in which an election has been held outside of the corporate limits of any city or town in such county having, at the time of such election, a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, under the provisions of this article III of chapter 62 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909, the first election under the provisions of this article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909, the first election held in such county outside of the corporate limits of any city or town having at the time of such election a population of twenty-five hundred inhabitants or more.

Approved March Tenth (10th), 1913.

Approved March Tenth (10th), 1913

ELEVENTH PROPOSITION. REFERENDUM ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

House bill No. 7, enacted by Fortyseventh General Assembly. Abolishing the present office of excise commissioner as appointed by the governor in cities having a population of three hundred thousand infiabitants or more mad providing for appointment by the mayor of such cities, in lieu of such excise commissioner, of a bi-partisma board of excise commissioners, and prescribing the number, qualifications, duties and salaries of the members thereof; and providing that all fees and taxes received from dramshop licenses in such cities shall be put over to the treasurers of such cities.

HOUSE BILL NO. 7.

An act to repest sections 7230 and 7237
of article two of chapter sixty-three
of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of
1909, entitled Excise commissioner,"
and to enact new sections in Homthereof.

Re it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section 1. Sections 1220 and 1227 of article 2 of chapter 62 of the Ravisea Statutes of Missouri of 1909, are hereby re-

there, and there is a surplus sufficient to supply a large surrounding territory and the pilgrims and visitors who pass that way. In this respect Da-mascus has not changed in hundreds of years. It has always been a maker and distributer of food and raimont.

Frog Croaks Under Water. An African frog sounds a call under nater that can be broad for long dis-

Forward With Considerable Food for Thought.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary to arouse a people to a high pitch of emotion throw off a rule that non-grown op-

PRESENTS SOME NEW TRUTHS up some kind of high-sounding document which can be thundered forth in ment which can be thundered forth in all the time alienate these alleged loch, he turned up in the ground a fine at least 3,000 years old. According to there, and there is a surplus sudicient pays more attention to rhetoric than

We hold practically no truths to be self-evident, and certainly nothing could be further from the fruth than that all men are created equal. We and dissaria action in order that they believe that they are endowed by may be willing to get together and their Creator with practically, no rights which are not readily altenable; pressive, inefficient and antiquated, it that no rights are more easy to alleu-

rights of thousands of its people without the slightest whimper. In fact, a government may pay almost no attention at all to the needs of a majority of its citizens and yet be called democratic.-Life

specimen of a bronze ax or palstrave. The weapon, it is said, is 2,500 years The total length, including th shaft for binding it to the staff is 5% inches. The shaft is grooved on both sides, and about an inch wide. The ax head measures three inches across